

Emily Buss proposes the following substitute bill:

**School District Funding Amendments**

2026 GENERAL SESSION

STATE OF UTAH

**Chief Sponsor: Emily Buss**

House Sponsor: Tracy J. Miller

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**LONG TITLE**

**General Description:**

This bill establishes a framework for addressing enrollment growth disparities when school districts reorganize.

**Highlighted Provisions:**

This bill:

- authorizes successor districts to create voluntary high growth transition loan arrangements;
- establishes criteria for identifying high growth successor districts;
- requires high growth transition planning during asset allocation;
- directs the State Board of Education to track and report on growth patterns in reorganizations; and
- authorizes the State Board to develop model policies and guidance.

**Money Appropriated in this Bill:**

None

**Other Special Clauses:**

None

**Utah Code Sections Affected:**

AMENDS:

**53G-3-302**, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2025, Chapter 33

ENACTS:

**53F-10-501**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

**53F-10-502**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

**53F-10-503**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

**53F-10-504**, Utah Code Annotated 1953

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29 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:*

30 Section 1. Section **53F-10-501** is enacted to read:

31 **Part 5. High Growth Framework for School District Reorganizations**

32 **53F-10-501 . General provisions -- Definitions.**

- 33 (1) "ADM" means average daily membership, as defined in Section 53F-2-102.
- 34 (2) "Allocation date" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53G-3-102.
- 35 (3) "Creation date" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53G-3-102.
- 36 (4) "Divided school district" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53G-3-102.
- 37 (5) "High growth successor district" means a successor district that meets the criteria  
 38 described in Section 53F-10-502.
- 39 (6) "New school district" means the same as that term is defined in Section 53G-3-102.
- 40 (7) "Reorganization" means the creation of a new school district under Section  
 41 53G-3-301.1, 53G-3-301.3, or 53G-3-301.4.
- 42 (8) "Reorganized new school district" means the same as that term is defined in Section  
 43 53G-3-102.
- 44 (9) "Successor district" means a new school district or reorganized new school district.

45 Section 2. Section **53F-10-502** is enacted to read:

46 **53F-10-502 . High growth successor district criteria -- State Board identification**  
 47 **and reporting.**

- 48 (1) For purposes of this part, a successor district is a high growth successor district if:
- 49 (a) the successor district has been in operation for at least two full fiscal years since the  
 50 allocation date and has had an average annual enrollment increase of at least 3%; or
- 51 (b) for a successor district that has been in operation for less than two full fiscal years  
 52 since the allocation date, the successor district demonstrates projected enrollment  
 53 growth of at least 5% annually based on:
- 54 (i) residential construction permits issued within the successor district's boundaries;
- 55 (ii) population growth projections from the Utah Population Committee created in  
 56 Section 63C-20-103;
- 57 (iii) new housing development plans;
- 58 (iv) historical enrollment trends from the geographic area; and
- 59 (v) other relevant demographic data.
- 60 (2) The State Board of Education shall, using existing enrollment data collection processes:
- 61 (a) identify which successor districts meet the high growth criteria annually;
- 62 (b) calculate each successor district's proportional share of the divided school district

- 63           based on the methodology established in Section 53G-3-302; and  
 64           (c) notify successor districts of their high growth status.  
 65   (3) The State Board shall report annually to the Public Education Appropriations  
 66       Subcommittee regarding:  
 67       (a) the number of reorganizations that have occurred;  
 68       (b) which successor districts qualify as high growth successor districts;  
 69       (c) enrollment growth patterns and trends in successor districts;  
 70       (d) facility capacity challenges identified in high growth transition plans submitted  
 71           under Subsection 53G-3-302(13);  
 72       (e) strategies successor districts have used to address high growth, including any  
 73           voluntary loan arrangements; and  
 74       (f) recommendations for supporting equitable transitions during reorganizations.

75       Section 3. Section **53F-10-503** is enacted to read:

76           **53F-10-503 . Voluntary high growth transition loan arrangements authorized --**  
 77   **Proportional repayment methodology.**

- 78   (1) Successor districts from the same divided school district may enter into interlocal  
 79       agreements under Title 11, Chapter 13, Interlocal Cooperation Act, to create voluntary  
 80       transition loan arrangements to address enrollment growth disparities.  
 81   (2) An interlocal agreement under this section may provide for:  
 82       (a) pooling of discretionary assets, as that term is defined in Section 53G-3-302, from  
 83           the divided school district;  
 84       (b) loans to high growth successor districts for:  
 85           (i) acquiring land and facilities;  
 86           (ii) constructing, expanding, or renovating facilities; or  
 87           (iii) expanding transportation infrastructure;  
 88       (c) enhanced borrowing authority for high growth successor districts up to:  
 89           (i) 150% of the high growth district's proportional share of pooled assets; or  
 90           (ii) up to 200% of the proportional share with approval of all participating successor  
 91               districts;  
 92       (d) proportional repayment, calculated as:  
 93           (i) each loan payment multiplied by the borrowing district's proportional share  
 94               represents that district's repayment obligation; and  
 95           (ii) the remainder of each payment is credited back to the pool or distributed to other  
 96               successor districts;

- 97 (e) loan terms not exceeding twelve years from the allocation date;  
 98 (f) acceleration of repayment if the borrowing district issues bonds for school  
 99 construction; and  
 100 (g) loan application periods limited to before the borrowing district has authority to issue  
 101 bonds.

102 (3) Successor districts are not required to enter into interlocal agreements under this section.

103 (4) Participation in an interlocal agreement under this section does not affect:

- 104 (a) the transition funding provided under Subsection 53G-3-301(6);  
 105 (b) the asset allocation process under Section 53G-3-302;  
 106 (c) assistance from municipalities under Subsection 53G-3-301.3(9); or  
 107 (d) assistance from interlocal agreement participants under Subsection 53G-3-301.4(11).

108 Section 4. Section **53F-10-504** is enacted to read:

109 **53F-10-504 . State Board guidance and technical assistance.**

110 (1) The State Board of Education may, using existing staff and resources, develop and  
 111 make available to school districts:

- 112 (a) model interlocal agreement templates for voluntary high growth transition loan  
 113 arrangements;  
 114 (b) guidance on calculating proportional shares;  
 115 (c) sample high growth determination methodologies;  
 116 (d) best practices for addressing enrollment growth disparities during reorganizations;  
 117 (e) examples of proportional repayment structures; and  
 118 (f) sample loan agreement provisions, including acceleration clauses.

119 (2) The State Board may, upon request and using existing resources, provide technical  
 120 assistance to successor districts developing high growth transition plans under  
 121 Subsection 53G-3-302(12) or considering voluntary loan arrangements under Section  
 122 53F-10-503.

123 (3) Nothing in this section requires the State Board to develop any specific materials or  
 124 provide any specific technical assistance.

125 Section 5. Section **53G-3-302** is amended to read:

126 **53G-3-302 . Election of local school board members -- Allocation of assets and**  
 127 **liabilities -- Startup costs -- Transfer of title.**

128 (1) As used in this section:

- 129 (a) "Associated property" means furniture, equipment, or supplies located in or  
 130 specifically associated with a physical asset.

- 131 (b)(i) "Discretionary asset or liability" means an asset or liability that is not tied to a  
132 specific project, school, student, or employee by law or school district accounting  
133 practice.
- 134 (ii) "Discretionary asset or liability" does not include a physical asset, associated  
135 property, a vehicle, an employee, or bonded indebtedness.
- 136 (c)(i) "Nondiscretionary asset or liability" means an asset or liability that is tied to a  
137 specific project, school, student, or employee by law or school district accounting  
138 practice.
- 139 (ii) "Nondiscretionary asset or liability" does not include a physical asset, associated  
140 property, a vehicle, or bonded indebtedness.
- 141 (d) "Physical asset" means a building, land, or water right together with revenue derived  
142 from the lease or use of the building, land, or water right.
- 143 (e)(i) "Physical liability" means a liability associated with a physical asset, including:  
144 (A) a seismic safety evaluation or mitigation; or  
145 (B) deferred maintenance.
- 146 (ii) "Physical liability" does not include a liability associated with any debt, including  
147 a general obligation or lease revenue bond.
- 148 (2)(a) If voters approve a proposal to create a new school district under this part:
- 149 (i) the legislative body of each county where all or a part of the new school district  
150 and the reorganized new school district are located shall hold elections, during the  
151 year immediately following the year in which the voters approve the proposal or  
152 municipal legislative bodies or interlocal agreement participants create a new  
153 school district, to elect members to the local school board of the new school  
154 district and to the local school board of the reorganized new school district, as  
155 follows:
- 156 (A) the filing period for a declaration of candidacy is the same as the filing period  
157 for the next regular or municipal general election for the given year;
- 158 (B) the primary election is held on the same day as the primary election for the  
159 next regular or municipal general election for the given year; and
- 160 (C) the general election is held on the same day as the next regular or municipal  
161 general election for the given year;
- 162 (ii) any new school district and reorganized new school district shall divide the assets  
163 and liabilities of the divided school district between the school districts in  
164 accordance with Subsection (4) and Section 53G-3-307;

- 165 (iii) any new school district and reorganized new school district shall treat the  
166 employment of transferred employees from the divided school district in  
167 accordance with Sections 53G-3-205 and 53G-3-308;
- 168 (iv) an individual residing within the boundaries of a new school district or  
169 reorganized new school district at the time the new school district is created may,  
170 for six school years following the creation of the new school district, elect to  
171 enroll in a secondary school located outside the boundaries of the school district if:  
172 (A) the individual resides within the boundaries of the secondary school on the  
173 day before the creation of the new school district; and  
174 (B) the individual would have been eligible to enroll in the secondary school if not  
175 for the creation of the new school district;  
176 (C) the new school district shall provide educational services, including, if  
177 provided before the creation of the new school district, busing to each  
178 individual making an election under Subsection (2)(a)(iv) for each school year  
179 for which the individual makes the election; and
- 180 (v) within one year following the date on which the new school district begins  
181 providing educational services, the superintendent of each affected school district  
182 shall meet, together with the state superintendent, to determine if further boundary  
183 changes should take place in accordance with Section 53G-3-501.
- 184 (b)(i) The county or municipal legislative bodies that conduct redistricting for the  
185 new school district and the reorganized new school district shall, at the meeting  
186 where the county or municipal legislative bodies adopt the final redistricting  
187 maps, adjust the initial terms of the board members for the new school district and  
188 the reorganized new school district, by lot, so that approximately half of the board  
189 members on each board will have an initial term of three years with the other  
190 members having an initial term of five years.
- 191 (ii) Notwithstanding the existence of the new school district local school board and  
192 the reorganized new school district local school board under Subsection (2)(a)(i),  
193 the divided school district local school board shall continue to function and  
194 exercise authority as a local school board until the allocation date to the extent  
195 necessary to continue to provide educational services to the entire divided school  
196 district.
- 197 (iii) An individual may simultaneously serve as or be elected to be a member of the  
198 local school board of a divided school district and a member of the local school

- 199 board of:
- 200 (A) a new school district; or
- 201 (B) a reorganized new school district.
- 202 (iv) On the allocation date, the divided school district and the associated local school
- 203 board cease to exist.
- 204 (c)(i) On the Tuesday immediately following certification of the election results for
- 205 the first election for the members of the local school board described in
- 206 Subsection (2)(a)(i), the newly elected members of the local school board for the
- 207 new school district or reorganized new school district shall take the oath of office
- 208 and begin serving.
- 209 (ii) If the term of a member of the local school board of the divided school district
- 210 ends within one year of the allocation date, the member's term shall extend to the
- 211 allocation date.
- 212 (3)(a) The divided school district local school board shall:
- 213 (i) within 60 days after the creation date prepare an initial inventory of the divided
- 214 school district's:
- 215 (A) assets, both tangible and intangible, real and personal; and
- 216 (B) liabilities;
- 217 (ii) on or before December 1 of the year following the creation date:
- 218 (A) prepare an asset inventory, with records, of the divided school district's assets
- 219 and the location of each associated property, discretionary asset,
- 220 nondiscretionary asset, and physical asset; and
- 221 (B) prepare an inventory of the divided school district's liabilities, with records,
- 222 that includes a description of any liability, including an estimated cost to
- 223 resolve the liability, for each associated property, discretionary asset,
- 224 nondiscretionary asset, physical asset, and unresolved demands, claims, or suits
- 225 with an estimated cost to resolve each liability;
- 226 (iii) mutually agree with the local school board of each relevant district to establish a
- 227 regular schedule for the divided school district local school board to, between the
- 228 creation date and the allocation date, prepare regular updates including any change
- 229 in the information required in the inventory and liability reports described in this
- 230 Subsection (3)(a); and
- 231 (iv) deliver the reports described in this Subsection (3)(a) to:
- 232 (A) the Office of the Legislative Auditor General; and

- 233 (B) the local school board of each relevant new school district and reorganized  
234 new school district.
- 235 (b) Following the local school board election date described in Subsection (2)(a), the  
236 new school district and reorganized new school district local school boards shall:
- 237 (i) in cooperation with the local school board of each new school district and  
238 reorganized new school district, determine the allocation of the divided school  
239 district's assets and, except for indebtedness under Section 53G-3-307, liabilities  
240 of the new school district and reorganized new school district in accordance with  
241 Subsection (4);
- 242 (ii) prepare a written report detailing the allocation under Subsection (3)(b)(i);  
243 (iii) prepare a written report of the disposition of assets and liabilities upon which the  
244 local school boards could not agree; and
- 245 (iv) deliver a copy of the written report to the Office of the Legislative Auditor  
246 General and the local school board of the divided school district.
- 247 (c) The new school district and reorganized new school district local boards shall  
248 determine the allocation under Subsection (3)(b) and deliver the report required under  
249 Subsection (3)(b) on or before December 15 of the year following the school board  
250 election date described in Subsection (2)(a), unless that deadline is extended by  
251 mutual agreement of the local school boards of the new school district and  
252 reorganized new school district.
- 253 (4)(a) Except as provided under Subsection (4)(c), the new school district and  
254 reorganized new school district local school boards shall allocate all assets and  
255 liabilities the divided school district owns on the allocation date, both tangible and  
256 intangible, real and personal, allocating:
- 257 (i) a physical asset, physical liability, and associated property asset to the school  
258 district in which the physical asset is located;
- 259 (ii) a discretionary asset or liability between the new school district and reorganized  
260 new school district in proportion to the student population of the school districts;
- 261 (iii) vehicles used for pupil transportation:
- 262 (A) according to the transportation needs of schools, as measured by the number  
263 and assortment of vehicles used to serve eligible state supported transportation  
264 routes serving schools within the new school district and the reorganized new  
265 school district; and
- 266 (B) in a manner that gives each school district a fleet of vehicles for pupil

- 267 transportation that is equivalent in terms of age, condition, and variety of  
268 carrying capacities; and
- 269 (iv) other vehicles:
- 270 (A) in proportion to the student population of the school districts; and
- 271 (B) in a manner that gives each district a fleet of vehicles that is similar in terms  
272 of age, condition, and carrying capacities.
- 273 (b) Each new and reorganized new school district retains the buildings, land, and water  
274 rights of the divided district within the boundaries of the relevant new or reorganized  
275 new school district.
- 276 (c) By mutual agreement, the new school district and reorganized new school district  
277 local school boards may allocate an asset or liability in a manner different than the  
278 allocation method specified in Subsection (4)(a).
- 279 (5)(a)(i) After the creation date, the local school board of the divided district may  
280 issue a lease revenue bond, in accordance with Section 11-14-103:
- 281 (A) that records the date, terms, and amount of the lease revenue bond the divided  
282 school district provides;
- 283 (B) that designates the new and reorganized new school districts that are the joint  
284 recipients of the bond proceeds, in proportion to the property tax values within  
285 each district, as the local political subdivisions receiving the bond proceeds;
- 286 (C) that obligates the new and reorganized new school districts receiving the bond  
287 proceeds to proportionally repay the remainder of the bond debt after the  
288 allocation date, in proportion to the portion of the bond proceeds each new or  
289 reorganized new school district receives;
- 290 (D) that prohibits the bond from inclusion in the outstanding bond indebtedness of  
291 the divided school district, in accordance with Section 53G-3-307;
- 292 (E) to which, if the relevant local school board has been seated, the local school  
293 board of the new school district or reorganized new school district consents in  
294 writing; and
- 295 (F) that provides that the divided school district is responsible for the bond  
296 payments until the allocation date and that each new and reorganized new  
297 school district receiving the bond proceeds under this section is responsible for  
298 a proportional share of the bond payments after the allocation date.
- 299 (ii) This Subsection (5)(a) applies retrospectively to a lease revenue bond that a  
300 divided school district issued after November 4, 2024.

- 301 (b)(i) After the creation date, the local school board of the divided school district may  
302 issue a general obligation bond for the interlocal agreement participants on behalf  
303 of the relevant new and reorganized new school district within the divided school  
304 district, in accordance with Section 11-14-103.
- 305 (ii) The local school board shall ensure that the resolution submitting the question of  
306 the issuance of the bond by the divided school district, in accordance with Section  
307 11-14-201:
- 308 (A) designates the new and reorganized new school districts that are the joint  
309 recipients of the bond proceeds, in proportion to the property tax values within  
310 each district, as the local political subdivisions receiving the bond proceeds;
- 311 (B) obligates the new and reorganized new school districts receiving the bond  
312 proceeds to proportionally repay the remainder of the bond debt after the  
313 allocation date, in proportion to the portion of the bond proceeds each new or  
314 reorganized new school district receives;
- 315 (C) prohibits the bond from inclusion in the outstanding bonded indebtedness of  
316 the divided school district, in accordance with Section 53G-3-307;
- 317 (D) provides that the divided school district may not issue the bond unless the  
318 majority of the qualified voters of the divided school district who vote on the  
319 bond proposition approve the issuance of the bond; and
- 320 (E) provides that the divided school district is responsible for the bond payments  
321 until the allocation date and that each new and reorganized new school district  
322 receiving the bond proceeds under this section is responsible for a proportional  
323 share of the bond payments after the allocation date.
- 324 (iii) This Subsection (5)(b) applies retrospectively to a general obligation bond that a  
325 divided school district issued after November 4, 2024.
- 326 (c)(i) If, within the preceding three years, voters within the divided school district  
327 rejected a general obligation bond for which a majority of voters within the area  
328 now included in a new or reorganized new school district voted in favor of the  
329 general obligation bond, the local school board of the divided district shall issue a  
330 lease revenue bond in accordance with Subsection (5)(a)(i) for the relevant new or  
331 reorganized new school district.
- 332 (ii) A lease revenue bond described in Subsection (5)(c)(i) is not subject to the  
333 combined total limitation described in Subsection 11-14-103(6)(b)(i) due to the  
334 prior approval of voters within the new or reorganized new school district for the

- 335                   general obligation bond.
- 336           (d) The local school board of each new and reorganized new school district may access  
337                   and spend funds made available under Subsections 53G-3-301.3(9) and  
338                   53G-3-301.4(11) and under this Subsection (5).
- 339   (6)(a) The divided school district shall transfer title or, if applicable, partial title of  
340           property to the new school district and the reorganized new school district in  
341           accordance with the allocation of property as stated in the report under Subsection  
342           (3)(b)(ii).
- 343   (b) The divided school district shall complete each transfer of title or, if applicable,  
344           partial title to real property and vehicles on the allocation date, except as that date is  
345           changed by the mutual agreement of:
- 346           (i) the local school board of the divided school district;  
347           (ii) the local school board of the reorganized new school district; and  
348           (iii) the local school board of the new school district.
- 349   (c) The divided school district shall complete the transfer of all property not included in  
350           Subsection (6)(b) on the allocation date.
- 351   (d) Except as provided in this Subsection (6), a divided school district may not transfer  
352           or agree to transfer title to district property beginning on the creation date, without  
353           the prior consent of:
- 354           (i) before the election of local school boards for the new or reorganized new school  
355                district:
- 356                   (A) the legislative body of the municipality in which the boundaries for the new  
357                        school district or reorganized new school district are entirely located; or  
358                   (B) the legislative bodies of all interlocal agreement participants in which the  
359                        boundaries of the new school district or reorganized new school district are  
360                        located; or
- 361           (ii) after the election of local school boards for the new or reorganized new school  
362                district, the local school board of the school district where the physical property is  
363                located.
- 364   (e)(i) A divided district may:
- 365           (A) sell property associated with a career and technical education program; and  
366           (B) use proceeds from a sale described in this Subsection (6)(e) to fund the  
367                following year's career and technical education program project.
- 368   (ii) A divided district shall distribute any proceeds from a sale described in this

369 Subsection (6)(e) two years after the inaugural election of local school board  
370 members for the new and reorganized new school districts based on student  
371 population.

372 (7)(a) On July 1 of the second year following the local school board election date  
373 described in Subsection (2)(a), the new school district or the reorganized new school  
374 district that receives title to the physical asset of the divided school district main  
375 office that existed at the creation date shall become the successor district to the  
376 records of the divided school district, unless the local school boards of any relevant  
377 new school district and reorganized new school district agree to a chosen successor  
378 district.

379 (b) As described in Subsection 63G-2-206(1)(a), the successor district shall serve as a  
380 repository of archives for purposes of historical preservation, administrative  
381 maintenance, or destruction of all the divided school district's books, accounts, and  
382 records.

383 (c) For one year after the allocation date, each new school district or reorganized new  
384 school district within the divided school district may access the records of the divided  
385 school district through an interlocal agreement and without cost.

386 (8)(a) Upon the creation date, a divided school district may not, except by mutual  
387 agreement of the local school boards of the new and reorganized new school districts:

388 (i) destroy a school district record;

389 (ii) enter into any employment agreement without including a statement providing  
390 that the contract does not bind any new school district or reorganized new school  
391 district;

392 (iii) pay any severance or bonuses, issue a retirement package, or provide buy-out  
393 compensation to any employee unless under a written agreement or policy that  
394 was executed before the creation date; or

395 (iv) increase compensation for any school district employee, other than:

396 (A) a yearly cost-of-living adjustment; or

397 (B) any pay structure increases the divided district established before the creation  
398 date for longevity, years of experience, or additional education and  
399 professional development.

400 (b) Notwithstanding Subsection 53G-4-402(24), upon the creation of a new school  
401 district or a reorganized new school district, a divided school district may not close a  
402 school, except with the consent of the relevant local school board of the new school

- 403 district or relevant reorganized new school district once the members of the local  
404 school board take the oath of office.
- 405 (c) Any agreement or policy contrary to this Subsection (8) is void, including  
406 retrospective operation to any agreement or policy that a divided school district  
407 created after November 4, 2024.
- 408 (9) The newly elected local school boards of any new school district and any reorganized  
409 new school district, by December 15 in the year following the local school board  
410 election for the new and reorganized new school districts, shall establish a transition  
411 plan with the local school board of the divided school district.
- 412 (10) Unless otherwise specified in this section, the following bear all costs and expenses to  
413 create a new school district or a reorganized new school district and to comply with this  
414 section:
- 415 (a) for costs that a new school district incurs, the new school district;  
416 (b) for costs that a reorganized new school district incurs, the reorganized new school  
417 district; and  
418 (c) for costs that a divided school district incurs, the divided school district.
- 419 (11)(a) A mutually agreed upon arbiter shall resolve any disagreements between local  
420 school boards of the divided school district, any new school district, and any  
421 reorganized new school district.
- 422 (b) If the local school boards do not agree on an arbiter, the state board shall appoint an  
423 arbiter.
- 424 (c) The Office of the Legislative Auditor General shall provide information the office  
425 receives under this part to local school boards and the arbiter described in this  
426 Subsection (11) during the dispute resolution process.
- 427 (12)(a) As part of the asset allocation process under this section, the local school boards  
428 of the new school district and reorganized new school district shall develop a high  
429 growth transition plan that addresses enrollment growth disparities among successor  
430 districts.
- 431 (b) The plan shall include:
- 432 (i) projected enrollment for each successor district for the first five fiscal years after  
433 the allocation date, including documentation supporting the projections;  
434 (ii) identification of any successor districts projected to have average annual  
435 enrollment growth of 5% or more;  
436 (iii) assessment of facility capacity in each successor district relative to projected

- 437 enrollment;
- 438 (iv) identification of facility or transportation infrastructure needs in high growth
- 439 areas; and
- 440 (v) potential strategies for addressing high growth needs, which may include
- 441 voluntary loan arrangements using discretionary assets.
- 442 (c) The high growth transition plan shall be:
- 443 (i) completed before the allocation date;
- 444 (ii) provided to the State Board of Education within 30 days after the allocation date;
- 445 and
- 446 (iii) made available to the public upon request.
- 447 (d) Development of the plan does not create any obligation for successor districts to
- 448 implement any particular strategy identified in the plan.

449 **Section 6. Effective Date.**

450 This bill takes effect on May 6, 2026.