

119TH CONGRESS
2^D SESSION

H. R. 9092

To direct the Secretary of State to make available to government officials of nonadversarial countries in South and Central Asia training in analyzing, assessing, and mitigating any risk of accepting investment or lending from China, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

JUNE 2, 2026

Mr. FITZGERALD (for himself and Mr. NUNN of Iowa) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs

A BILL

To direct the Secretary of State to make available to government officials of nonadversarial countries in South and Central Asia training in analyzing, assessing, and mitigating any risk of accepting investment or lending from China, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Thwarting Regional
5 Adversary Investments Now Act” or the “TRAIN Act”.

6 **SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

7 Congress finds the following:

1 (1) In 2015, Chinese President Xi Jinping
2 issued an official outline of the principles, frame-
3 work, priorities, and cooperation mechanisms of the
4 Belt and Road Initiative (referred to in this section
5 as the “BRI”).

6 (2) Since its inception, more than 150 countries
7 and 32 international organizations have signed BRI
8 cooperation documents with China, including 53
9 countries in sub-Saharan Africa, 34 countries in Eu-
10 rope and Central Asia, and 24 countries in East
11 Asia and the Pacific.

12 (3) Many developing countries do not possess
13 the legal, technological, or intelligence capabilities
14 necessary to properly evaluate the national security,
15 debt sustainability, and other risks posed by related
16 agreements with Chinese entities or the Chinese
17 Government.

18 (4) Due to the expanding investments by for-
19 eign adversaries in the economic and infrastructure
20 sectors of allied and partner countries, the United
21 States should provide technical training, assistance,
22 and support to evaluate the risks these investments
23 pose, and provide a formal review of the future im-
24 pact these investments would have, on partner
25 economies.

1 **SEC. 3. DEPARTMENT OF STATE TRAINING FOR FOREIGN**
2 **GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS.**

3 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the
4 date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State (re-
5 ferred to in this section as the “Secretary”), acting
6 through the Bureau of South and Central Asian Affairs
7 and in coordination with the Office of Foreign Assistance,
8 shall make available to appropriate government officials
9 of nonadversarial countries in South and Central Asia
10 training in analyzing, assessing, and mitigating any legal
11 or financial risk of accepting investment or lending from
12 a foreign adversary that is in the region.

13 (b) REPORT.—

14 (1) REQUIREMENT AND ELEMENTS.—Begin-
15 ning not later than 2 years after the date of enact-
16 ment of this Act and on an annual basis thereafter,
17 the Secretary shall submit to the appropriate con-
18 gressional committees a report that includes—

19 (A) an overview of the training provided
20 under subsection (a) during the prior fiscal
21 year; and

22 (B) an overview of each lending or legal
23 agreement entered into during the prior fiscal
24 year between a nonadversarial country in South
25 and Central Asia and a foreign adversary that
26 is in the region, including an analysis of any

1 risk posed to the United States by such agree-
2 ment.

3 (2) FORM.—Each report required under para-
4 graph (1) shall be submitted in unclassified form but
5 may include a classified annex.

6 (c) CONSULTATION.—In carrying out the require-
7 ments of subsections (a) and (b), the Secretary shall con-
8 sult with—

9 (1) the Chief Executive Officer of the United
10 States International Development Finance Corpora-
11 tion;

12 (2) the Committee on Foreign Investment in
13 the United States;

14 (3) the United States Trade Representative;

15 (4) the President of the Export–Import Bank of
16 the United States;

17 (5) the Administrator of the Bureau of Human-
18 itarian Assistance of the Department of State; and

19 (6) the heads of other appropriate Federal
20 agencies.

21 (d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

22 (1) The term “appropriate congressional com-
23 mittees” means—

24 (A) the Committee on Financial Services
25 of the House of Representatives;

1 (B) the Committee on Foreign Affairs of
2 the House of Representatives;

3 (C) the Committee on Banking, Housing,
4 and Urban Affairs of the Senate; and

5 (D) the Committee on Foreign Relations of
6 the Senate.

7 (2) The term “foreign adversary” means a for-
8 eign government or individual engaged in a long-
9 term pattern or serious instances of conduct signifi-
10 cantly adverse to the national security of the United
11 States or its allies or to the security and safety of
12 United States citizens.

13 (3) The term “nonadversarial country” means a
14 country that is not engaged in a long-term pattern
15 or serious instances of conduct significantly adverse
16 to the national security of the United States or its
17 allies or to the security and safety of United States
18 citizens.

19 (e) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after the
20 date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of State (re-
21 ferred to in this section as the “Secretary”), acting
22 through the Bureau of South and Central Asian Affairs
23 and in coordination with the Office of Foreign Assistance,
24 shall make available to appropriate government officials
25 of nonadversarial countries in South and Central Asia

- 1 training in analyzing, assessing, and mitigating any legal
- 2 or financial risk of accepting investment or lending from
- 3 a foreign adversary that is in the region.

○